

Nuclear Power and the World

There are thirty nations which use 435 nuclear power stations, supplying 16% of the world's electricity. They are:

Lithuania, France, Slovakia, Belgium, Sweden, Ukraine, South Korea, Slovenia, Switzerland, Bulgaria, Armenia, Czech Republic, Germany, Japan, Spain, U.K., Finland, U. S. A., Russia, Canada, Hungary, Romania, Argentina, South Africa, Mexico, Netherlands, India, Brazil, Pakistan, China.

Plus that there are 56 countries which operate a total of 284 research reactors reactors and a further 220 reactors power ships and submarines.

This week's nuclear news tells us that China National Nuclear Corp, has commenced work on two new nuclear power stations. At a cost of \$14.6 billion, each plant is expected finally to have six 1000 MWe reactors all operating by 2014.

India has firm plans for 20 GWe nuclear power by 2020 – a six fold increase, and big ambitions well beyond that.

The Unites States new President is to invest annually \$15 billion to encourage private sector efforts to build new nuclear energy plants to guarantee a 'clean energy future'.

In the U. K. the House of Lords Economic Affairs Committee in its report - The Economics of Renewable Energy - states that nuclear energy is the most reliable low cost next to coal.

In Australia, there are two phrases which are considered to be vulgar, and are not used by any of Australia's Leaders on either side of the House. They are Nuclear Power and A New Dam.

The comatose Australia is in serious danger of soon dying in its sleep.

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